# Examining Factors of Egg Production in the Raccoon Roundworm, *Baylisascaris procyonis*



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Majoring in Infectious Disease

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### **Examining Trophic Interactions (Food Web)**

#### Predator/prey and parasite/host relationships



Food Web

Understanding parasitic life cycles and transmission between hosts -Definitive Host (Raccoon) -Intermediate Host (Mouse) -Dead-End Host (People)

Zoonosis: Animal 📫 Human



Raccoon at Ortega Dining Commons, UCSB

## Life cycle of Baylisascaris procyonis



Strausbaugh L J et al. Clin Infect Dis. 2004;39:1484-1492

#### Raccoon Roundworm Egg: • Infectious

- Can remain viable for years
- Resistant to bleach & low temperatures
- Larva Migrans cause Baylisascariasis
- Deactivated by heat treatment (>62 Celsius)



B. Procyonis Egg: 78 μm by 63 μm

### What do I Want to Know?

Is there a relationship between...

- 1. Worm length and egg production?
- 2. Worm weight and egg production?
- 3. Uterus weight and egg production?

4. Heat treatment and egg quantities?

- Will Help : Determine potential infection in animals/humans
  - Prevent/Control Disease

### **How Do We Count Eggs?**

- 1. Female is measured & weighed
- 2. Uterus is extracted & weighed
- 3. Uterine tissue is ground up
- 4. Solution run through filter
- 5. Egg containing solution is placed on counting slide
- 6. Data collected & Analyzed
  - -60 square subsample

-Multiply by average & total mL used to get overall quantity



Tissue grinder



#### Uterus before grinding





1square= 1µL



#### **Total Eggs by Worm Weight**



#### **Total Eggs by Uterus Weight**



## **Conclusions/Future Work**

Was There a Relationship Between...

- 1. Worm Length and Egg Production? Yes
- 2. Worm Weight and Egg Production? Yes
- 3. Uterus Weight and Egg Production? Best Indicator
- 4. Does Heat Treatment have any effect on Egg Quantities? **Definitely**

- More counts are needed to ensure accuracy
- This work lays the foundation for future work that will explore daily egg output for a worm population

## Acknowledgements



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Ecological Parasitology Lab Dr. Armand Kuris (PI) Sara Weinstein (Mentor) Malia Rose

